

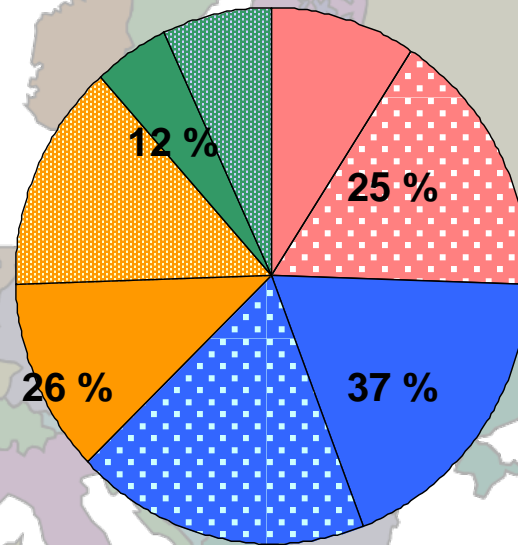
# Latest development of Thin - Layer Chromatography at Merck

Dr. Mehmet Dogan, Merck Millipore /Lab Essentials/LC

CCM Meeting in LYON, Nov. 2011

# Market Thin Layer Chromatography

World market 2007

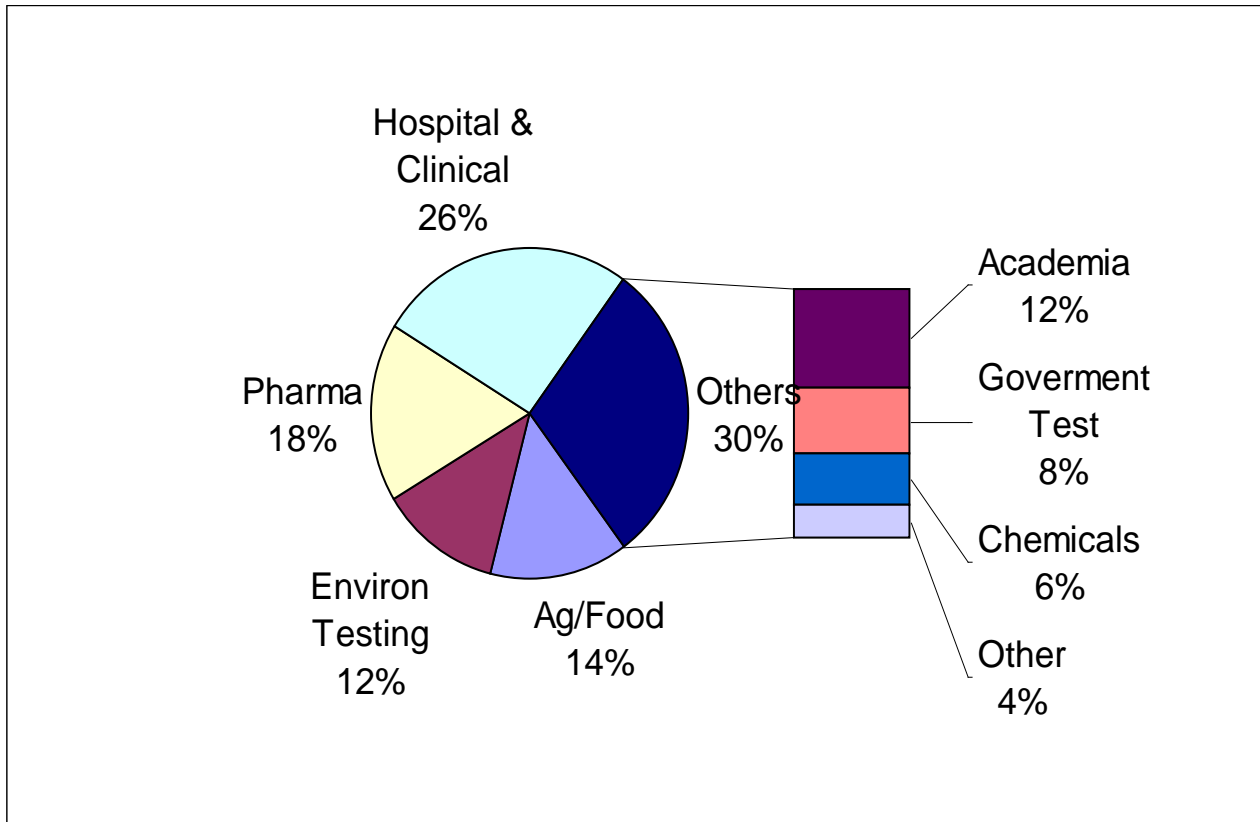


US - Merck US - Others EU - Merck EU - Others AAA - Merck AAA - Others Rest - Merck Rest-Others

We are by far the market leader in Thin layer chromatography!

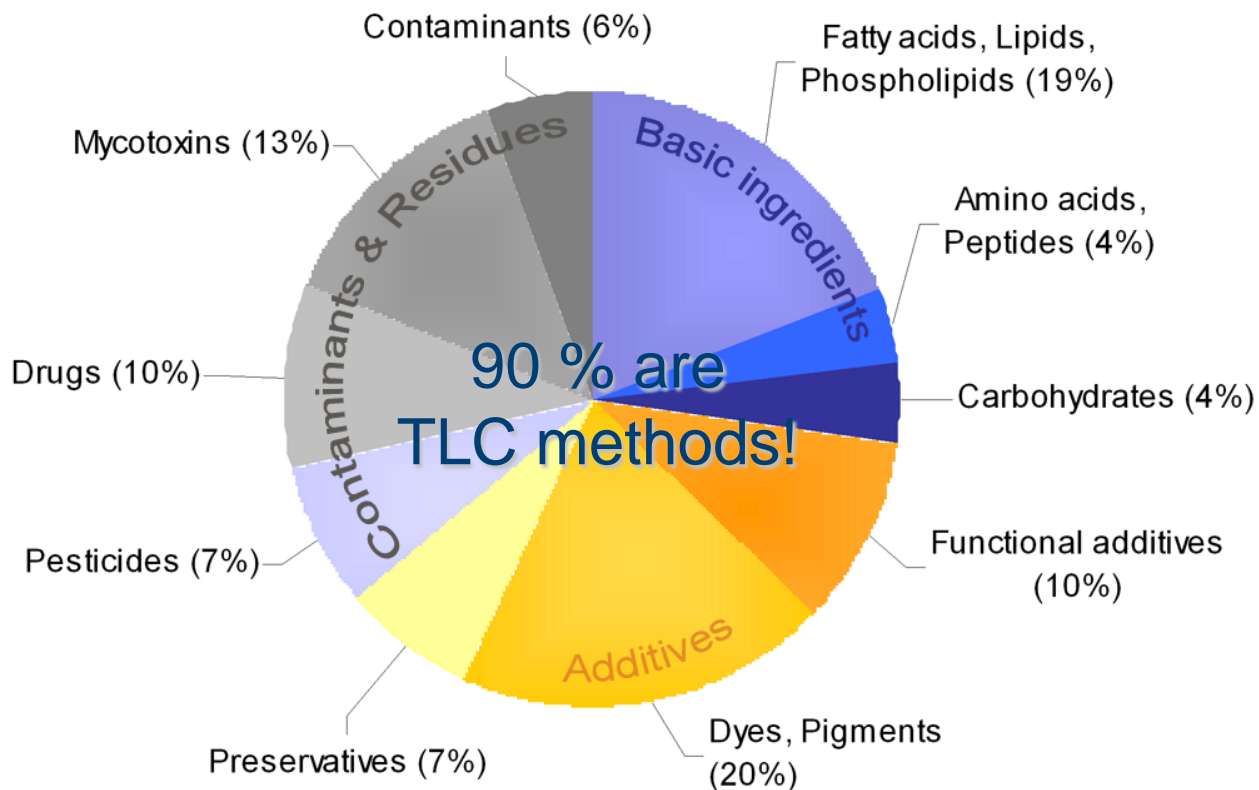
# Market Thin Layer Chromatography

Total 40 – 50 Mio EUR  
AGR: 2 - 4%



# Planar Chromatography

## Food analysis 1987-2007



G. Morlock, W. Schwack, J Planar Chromatogr 20 (2007) 399-407

# Merck

## Pioneered Thin Layer Chromatography



- 1938  $\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3$  layers (Izmailov and Shraiber)
- 1951 Silica gel layers with calcium sulphate (Kirchner)
- 1950 Egon Stahl is founder of thin layer Chrom. and standardized silica gels (Higher sensitivity more and universal scope of applications)
- 1958 Merck launched TLC during Achema exhibition
- 1966 Pre-coated TLC plates
- 1975 Pre-coated HPTLC plates
- 1978 Modified sorbents for TLC and HPTLC
- 1995 Spherical sorbents for HPTLC (LiChrospher®)
- 2002 Ultra thin monolithic silica plates (UTLC)
- 2003 LuxPlate®
- 2006 ProteoChrom® Plates
- 2011 G- Plates



First presentation of pre-coated plates, Achema 1958

# Silica and Aluminium oxide production facilities, Gernsheim





# Production Plant



... the biggest chromatographic silica gel plant in the world,



Four reactors for silica gel production,

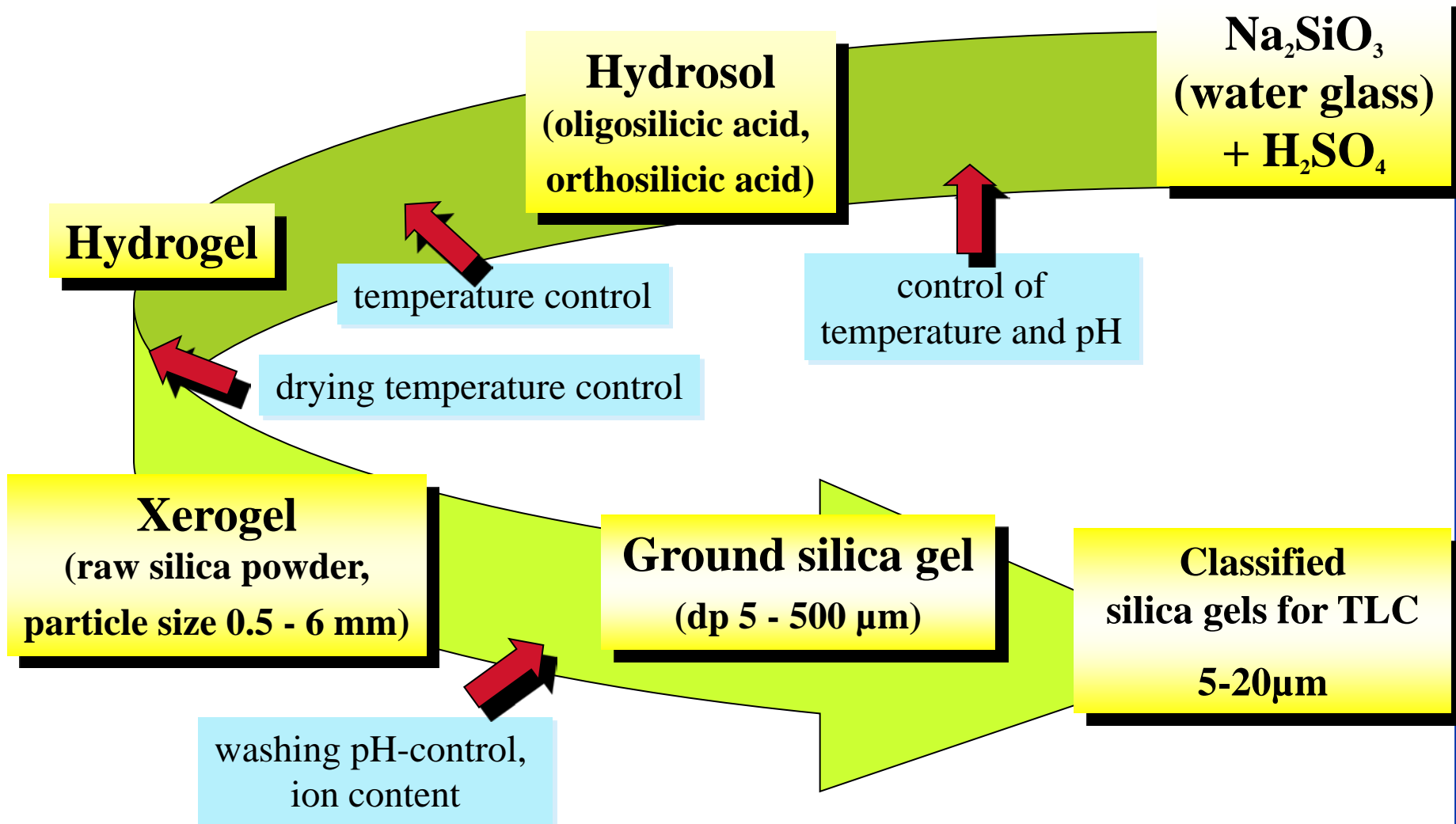


... Large scale production,  
batch size: several tons





# Silica Production Process



# Production Process of TLC Plates

Preparation of suspension of silica gel in water  
(eventually with **fluorescence indicator**)



Coating of plates or sheets  
(glass, aluminum, plastic)



Drying in drying tunnel



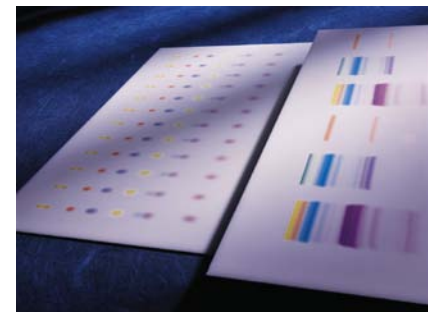
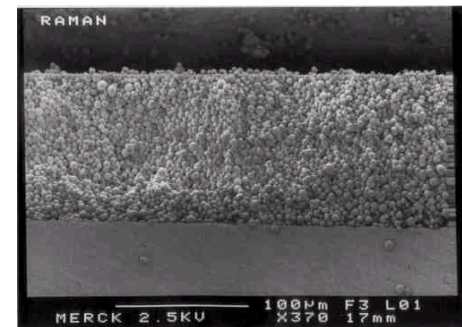
Sampling, in-process control



Cutting (for formats smaller than 20 x 20 cm),



Packaging, final control

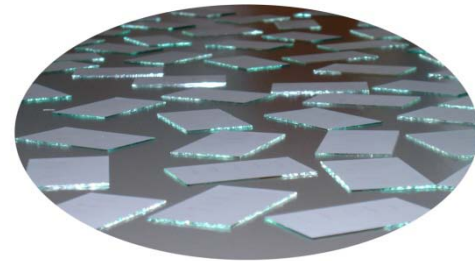


# TLC Production Today

- 23 employees in production plant
- > 7 million plates per year
- **Every single plate is visually inspected**
- More than 60 different products

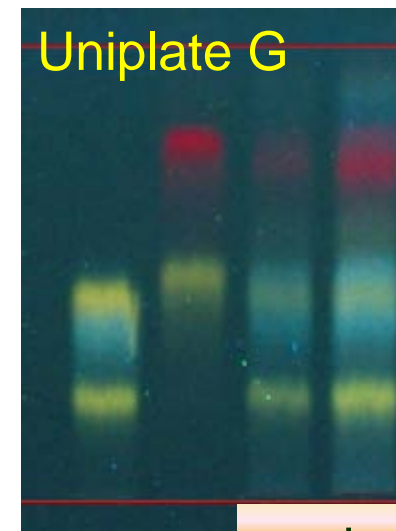
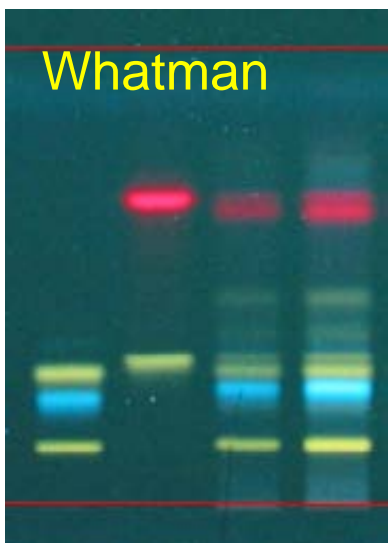
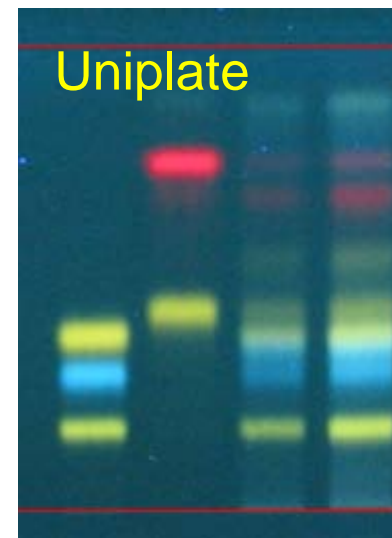
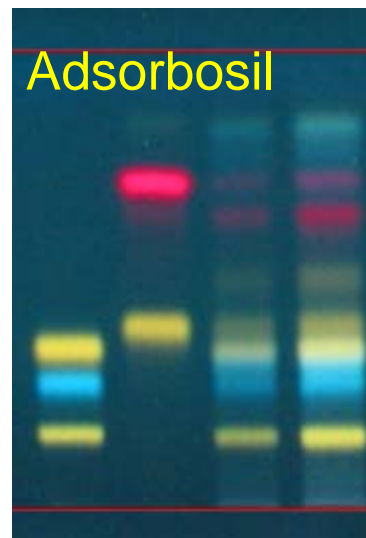
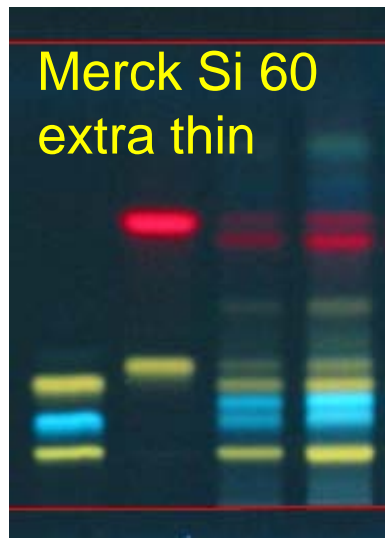
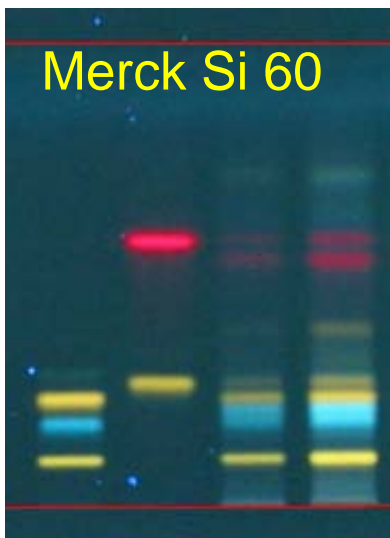


**On these plates 45 million analyses are carried out each year!**



# Comparison of Silica gel plates

**Hypericum extract:** (Quercetin, quercitrin, hyperoside, rutin, (-)-epicatechin, 3,5-dihydroxy-1-methoxy-xanthone, 3,4-O-isopropylidenyl shikimic acid, shikimic acid )



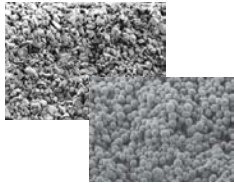


# TLC Range at a Glance

- Sorbents types

**Silica 60**

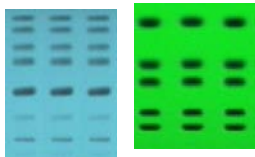
**Modified silica: RP2, RP8, RP18, NH<sub>2</sub>, Diol, CN; Aluminium oxide, Cellulose**



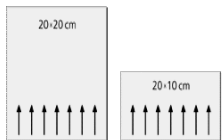
- Backings  
**Glass,  
Aluminium & Plastic**



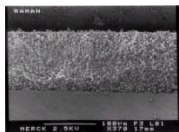
- Detection UV 254nm  
with fluorescence indicator **F<sub>254</sub>:green,**  
**F<sub>254s</sub>:blue**



- Plate sizes  
**2.5x7.5 / 5x5 ... to 20x20 / 20x10 cm**



- Plate thickness  
**100 µm – 2 mm (UTLC 10 µm)**

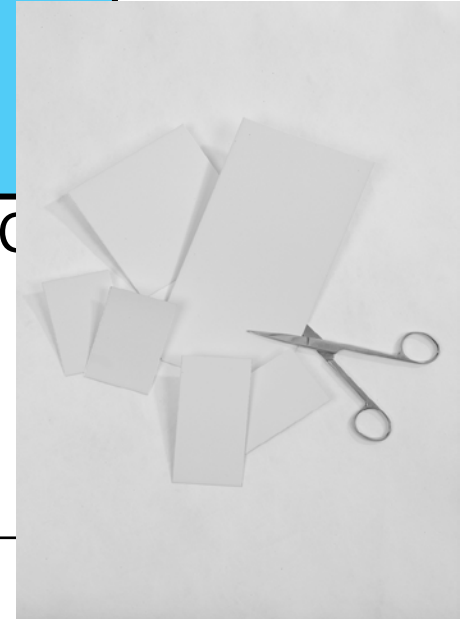


Technologies	Sorbents Type			
	Silica (unmodified)	Spherical silica LiChrospher	Aluminium oxide	Modified silica
	Cellulose			
Thin layer chromatography TLC	page 04	page 11	page 12	page 14
High performance silica plates HPTLC	page 06	page 08	page 12	page 14
Preparative layer plates PLC	page 10	page 10	page 10	
<b>Special plates</b>				
Concentrating zone plates				page 16
Kieselguhr and mixed layer plates				page 18
GLP plates				page 19
Multiformat plates				page 19
ProteoChrom® HPTLC plates for peptide analysis				page 20
Loose sorbents for the preparation of TLC plates				page 22
Accessories				page 23

*Information: These plates are used as medical devices for human specimens Directive 98/79/EC. They are only for investigational medical objective.*

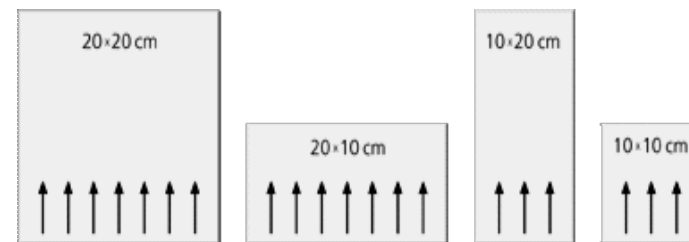
# Glass, aluminium or plastic?

Support	Advantage
<b>Glass</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>■ no bending best for instrumental HPTLC</li><li>■ inert material</li><li>■ temperature stable</li></ul>
<b>Aluminium Plastic</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>■ 20% lower priced then glass</li><li>■ simple to cut with scissors allowing for different formats</li></ul>



# Plate Sizes Fitting the Application

Backing	classical TLC	HPTLC	PLC
Glass	20 x 20 cm 10 x 20 cm 5 x 20 cm 5 x 10 cm  5 x 7,5 cm	20 x 10 cm 10 x 10 cm  5 x 10 cm 5 x 5 cm	20 x 20
Aluminium	20 x 20 cm  10 x 20 cm 5 x 20 cm 5 x 10 cm 5 x 7,5 cm	20 x 20 cm    5 x 7,5 cm	
Plastic	20 x 20 cm 500 x 20 cm 4 x 8 cm		



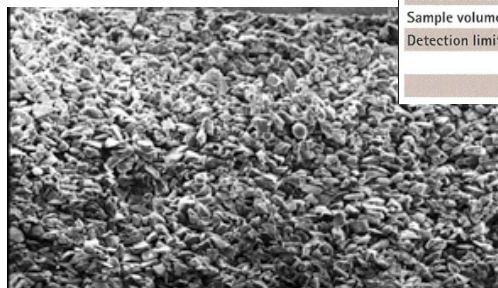
**Warning to the correct use : size & direction !**

## Particle size distribution:

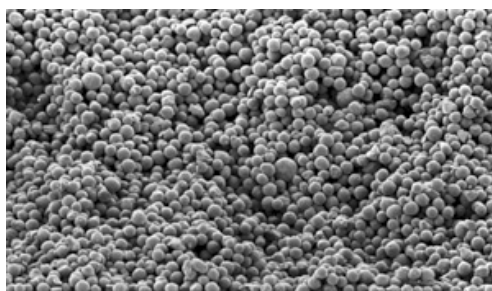
- Classical TLC  
5 - 20  $\mu\text{m}$



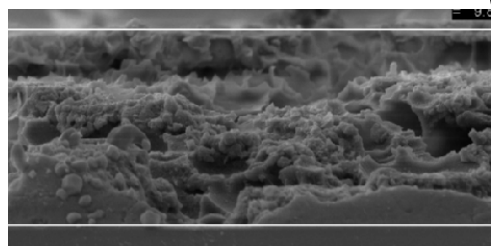
- HPTLC  
4 - 8  $\mu\text{m}$



- **Spherical** particles HPTLC  
4 - 8  $\mu\text{m}$



- Monolithic layer UTLC



Features of HPTLC versus classical TLC

	HPTLC	Classical TLC
Mean particle size	5 - 6 $\mu\text{m}$	10 - 12 $\mu\text{m}$
Particle size distribution	4 - 8 $\mu\text{m}$	5 - 20 $\mu\text{m}$
Layer thickness	200 $\mu\text{m}$ (100 $\mu\text{m}$ )	250 $\mu\text{m}$
Plate height	12 $\mu\text{m}$	30 $\mu\text{m}$
Typical migration distance	3 - 6 cm	10 - 15 cm
Typical separation time	3 - 20 min	20 - 200 min
Number of samples per plate	< 36 (72)	< 10
Sample volume	0.1 - 0.5 $\mu\text{l}$	1 - 5 $\mu\text{l}$
Detection limits:		
absorption	100 - 500 $\mu\text{g}$	1 - 5 ng
fluorescence	5 - 10 $\mu\text{g}$	50 - 100 $\mu\text{g}$

Quality

Not comparable



# Sorbents Types

## TLC

**Silica gel 60**

Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> 60/150

Cellulose

(Kieselguhr)

RP-2

RP-8

RP-18

NH<sub>2</sub>

## HPTLC

**Silica gel 60**

Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> 60/150

Cellulose

RP-2

RP-8

RP-18

RP-18W

NH<sub>2</sub>

CN

DIOL

## PLC

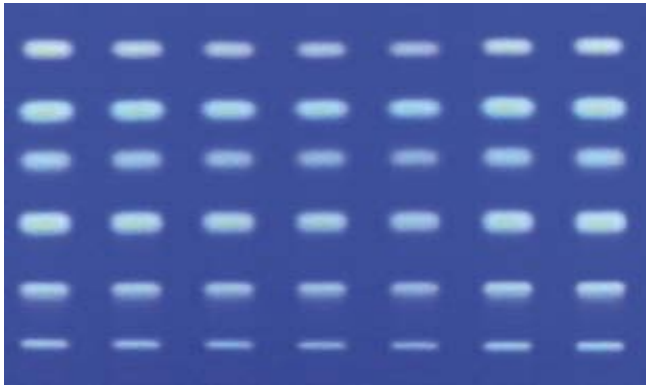
**Silica gel 60**

RP18

# HPTLC versus TLC

- 5 – 10 fold increased sensitivity than classical TLC
- Faster analysis (only 15 min compared to 45 min)
- Gold standard for automated use with instrument

Classical TLC silica gel 60 plate



HPTLC silica gel 60 plate



## Sample: Separation of dansyl amino acids

Compounds:	1. <i>N</i> - $\alpha$ -dansyl- <i>L</i> -asparagine 2. $\alpha$ -dansyl- <i>L</i> -arginine 3. Dansyl- <i>L</i> -cysteic acid 4. <i>N</i> -Dansyl- <i>L</i> -serine 5. Dansyl-glycine 6. <i>N</i> - <i>N</i> -Didansyl- <i>L</i> -tyrosine
Sample volume:	TLC 4 $\mu$ l; HPTLC 0.3 $\mu$ l
Mobile phase:	Ethyl acetat/methanol/propionic acid (22/10/3)
Migration distance:	TLC 10 cm; HPTLC 5 cm
Analysis time:	TLC 42 min; HPTLC 13 min 45 sec
Detection:	UV 366

# TLC Range at a Glance

- Sorbents types : **Silica 60**

## HPTLC LiChrospher® unmodified silica gel 60

Packing Material	Format [cm]	Content	Backing	Ord. No.
HPTLC LiChrospher® silica gel 60 F <sub>254s</sub>	20 x 10	25 plates	glass	1.15445.0001
HPTLC LiChrospher® silica gel 60 F <sub>254s</sub>	20 x 20	25 plates	aluminium	1.05586.0001
HPTLC LiChrospher® silica gel 60 WR F <sub>254s</sub> AMD extra thin*	20 x 10	25 plates	glass	1.05647.0001

Layer thickness: 200 µm | \* Layer thickness: 100 µm | WR: wettable with water and pure silica gel 60

## HPTLC LiChrospher® RP-modified silica gel 60

Packing Material	Format [cm]	Content	Backing	Ord. No.
HPTLC LiChrospher® silica gel 60 RP-18 W F <sub>254s</sub>	20 x 10	25 plates	glass	1.05646.0001

Layer thickness: 200 µm | W: wettable with water



# TLC Range at a Glance

- Sorbents types : **Silica 60**

## HPTLC unmodified silica gel 60

Packing Material	Format [cm]	Content	Backing	Ord. No.
HPTLC silica gel 60	20 x 10	50 plates	glass	1.05641.0001
	10 x 10	25 plates	glass	1.05631.0001
	10 x 10	100 plates	glass	1.05633.0001
HPTLC silica gel 60 F <sub>254s</sub>	20 x 10	25 plates	glass	1.15696.0001
HPTLC silica gel 60 F <sub>254</sub>	20 x 10	50 plates	glass	1.05642.0001
	10 x 10	25 plates	glass	1.05628.0001
	10 x 10	100 plates	glass	1.05629.0001
	5 x 10	25 plates	glass	1.05616.0001
HPTLC silica gel 60	20 x 20	25 plates	aluminium	1.05547.0001
HPTLC silica gel 60 F <sub>254</sub>	20 x 20	25 plates	aluminium	1.05548.0001
	5 x 7.5	20 plates	aluminium	1.05556.0001
HPTLC silica gel 60 WR F <sub>254s</sub>	20 x 10	25 plates	glass	1.15552.0001
HPTLC silica gel 60 F <sub>254</sub> AMD, extra thin*	20 x 10	25 plates	glass	1.11764.0001
HPTLC silica gel 60 WR F <sub>254s</sub> AMD, extra thin*	20 x 10	25 plates	glass	1.12363.0001
HPTLC silica gel 60 F <sub>254</sub> premium purity plate	20 x 20	25 plates	glass	1.05648.0001



# TLC Range at a Glance

## RP-modified silica plates (TLC and HPTLC)

Packing Material	Format [cm]	Content	Backing	Ord. No.
Silica gel 60 RP-2 (silanized)*	20 x 20	25 plates	glass	1.05746.0001
Silica gel 60 RP-2 F <sub>254s</sub> (silanized)*	20 x 20	25 plates	glass	1.05747.0001
Silica gel 60 RP-8 F <sub>254s</sub> *	20 x 20	25 plates	glass	1.15388.0001
	10 x 20	50 plates	glass	1.15424.0001
	5 x 20	50 plates	glass	1.15682.0001
	5 x 10	25 plates	glass	1.15684.0001
Silica gel 60 RP-18 F <sub>254s</sub> *	20 x 20	25 plates	glass	1.15389.0001
	10 x 20	50 plates	glass	1.15423.0001
	5 x 20	50 plates	glass	1.15683.0001
	5 x 10	25 plates	glass	1.15685.0001
Silica gel 60 RP-18 F <sub>254s</sub>	20 x 20	20 plates	aluminium	1.05559.0001
	5 x 7.5	20 plates	aluminium	1.05560.0001
HPTLC silica gel 60 RP-2 F <sub>254s</sub>	10 x 10	25 plates	glass	1.13726.0001
HPTLC silica gel 60 RP-8 F <sub>254s</sub>	10 x 10	25 plates	glass	1.13725.0001
HPTLC silica gel 60 RP-18	20 x 10	25 plates	glass	1.05914.0001
HPTLC silica gel 60 RP-18 W	20 x 10	25 plates	glass	1.14296.0001
HPTLC silica gel 60 RP-18 F <sub>254s</sub>	10 x 10	25 plates	glass	1.13724.0001
HPTLC silica gel 60 RP-18 W F <sub>254s</sub>	10 x 10	25 plates	glass	1.13124.0001

Layer thickness: 200 µm | \* Layer thickness: 250 µm | W: fully wettable with water

- Sorbents types :  
modified **Silica 60**

## CN, Diol, NH<sub>2</sub> modified silica plates (TLC and HPTLC)

Packing Material	Format [cm]	Content	Backing	Ord. No.
Silica gel 60 NH <sub>2</sub> F <sub>254s</sub>	20 x 20	20 plates	aluminium	1.05533.0001
HPTLC silica gel 60 CN F <sub>254s</sub>	10 x 10	25 plates	glass	1.16464.0001
HPTLC silica gel 60 Diol F <sub>254s</sub>	10 x 10	25 plates	glass	1.12668.0001
HPTLC silica gel 60 Diol F <sub>254s</sub>	20 x 10	25 plates	glass	1.05636.0001
HPTLC silica gel 60 NH <sub>2</sub>	20 x 10	25 plates	glass	1.12572.0001
HPTLC silica gel 60 NH <sub>2</sub> F <sub>254s</sub>	20 x 10	25 plates	glass	1.13192.0001
HPTLC silica gel 60 NH <sub>2</sub> F <sub>254s</sub>	10 x 10	25 plates	glass	1.15647.0001

Layer thickness: 200 µm

# TLC Range at a Glance

- Sorbents types :  
modified **Silica 60**

## HPTLC concentrating zone plates

Packing Material	Format [cm]	Content	Backing	Ord. No.
HPTLC silica gel 60 concentrating zone 2.5 x 20 cm	20 x 10	50 plates	glass	1.13749.0001
HPTLC silica gel 60 concentrating zone 2.5 x 10 cm	10 x 10	25 plates	glass	1.13748.0001
HPTLC silica gel 60 F <sub>254</sub> concentrating zone 2.5 x 20 cm	20 x 10	50 plates	glass	1.13728.0001
HPTLC silica gel 60 F <sub>254</sub> concentrating zone 2.5 x 10 cm	10 x 10	25 plates	glass	1.13727.0001
HPTLC silica gel 60 F <sub>254</sub> concentrating zone 2.5 x 5 cm	5 x 10	25 plates	glass	1.13187.0001
HPTLC silica gel 60 RP-18 PAH concentrating zone 2.5 x 20 cm	20 x 10	25 plates	glass	1.15037.0001
HPTLC silica gel 60 RP-18 F <sub>254s</sub> ← concentrating zone 2.5 x 20 cm	20 x 10	25 plates	glass	1.15498.0001

Layer thickness: 200 µm



# TLC Range at a Glance

- for the chemist : reaction follow-up with the right size

## Multiformat plates

Packing Material	Scored [cm]	Content of one package [20 x 20 cm]	No. of plates possible	Ord. No.
Multiformat silica gel 60 F <sub>254</sub> 20 x 20	5 x 10	25 plates	200	1.05620.0001
Multiformat silica gel 60 F <sub>254</sub> 20 x 20	5 x 20	20 plates	80	1.05608.0001
HPTLC Multiformat silica gel 60 F <sub>254</sub> 10 x 10	5 x 5	25 plates	100	1.05635.0001
HPTLC Multiformat silica gel 60 10 x 10	5 x 5	100 plates	400	1.05644.0001

- ... or tailor made plates sizes in an economic way with a SmartCut tool



# TLC Range at a Glance

- Simple purification without starting a column : **the no-loss solution**

## PLC silica gel 60

Packing Material	Format [cm]	Layer thickness	Content	Backing	Ord. No.
PLC silica gel 60	20 x 20	0.5 mm	20 plates	glass	1.13894.0001
	20 x 20	2 mm	12 plates	glass	1.05745.0001
PLC silica gel 60 F <sub>254</sub>	20 x 20	0.5 mm	20 plates	glass	1.05744.0001
	20 x 20	1 mm	15 plates	glass	1.13895.0001
	20 x 20	2 mm	12 plates	glass	1.05717.0001
PLC silica gel 60 F <sub>254 + 366</sub>	20 x 20	2 mm	20 plates	glass	1.05637.0001
PLC silica RP-18 F <sub>254s</sub>	20 x 20	1 mm	15 plates	glass	1.05434.0001

## PLC aluminium oxide 60 and 150

Packing Material	Format [cm]	Layer thickness	Content	Backing	Ord. No.
PLC aluminium oxides 60 F <sub>254</sub>	20 x 20	1.5 mm	12 plates	glass	1.05788.0001
PLC aluminium oxides 150 F <sub>254</sub>	20 x 20	1.5 mm	12 plates	glass	1.05726.0001

## PLC concentrating zone plates

Packing Material	Format [cm]	Layer thickness	Content	Backing	Ord. No.
Silica gel 60 F <sub>254</sub> concentrating zone 4 x 20 cm	20 x 20	0.5 mm	20 plates	glass	1.13794.0001
	20 x 20	1 mm	15 plates	glass	1.13792.0001
	20 x 20	2 mm	12 plates	glass	1.13793.0001

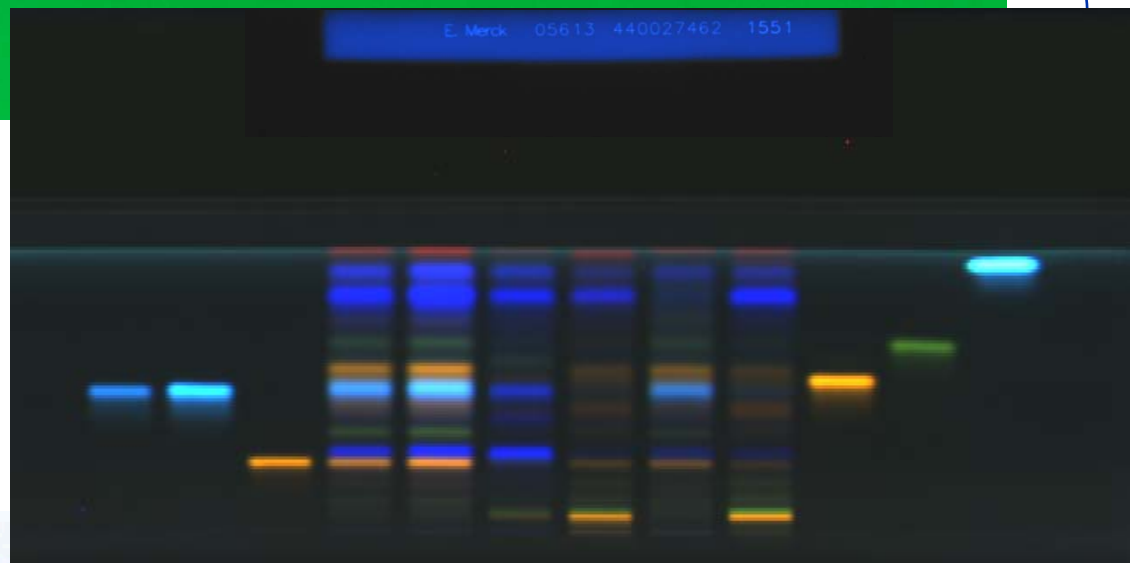


# TLC Range at a Glance

E. Merck 05613 440027462 1551

E. Merck 05613 440027462 1551

E. Merck 05613 440027462 1551



- for the **Quality Assurance** a reliable follow-up on documentation with individual numbers on plates

## GLP plates

Packing Material	Format [cm]	Content	Backing	Ord. No.
TLC GLP silica gel 60 F <sub>254</sub>	20 x 20	25 plates	glass	1.05566.0001
	10 x 20	25 plates	glass	1.05702.0001
HPTLC GLP silica gel 60	10 x 20	25 plates	glass	1.13326.0001
HPTLC GLP silica gel 60 F <sub>254</sub>	10 x 20	25 plates	glass	1.05613.0001
	10 x 10	25 plates	glass	1.05564.0001

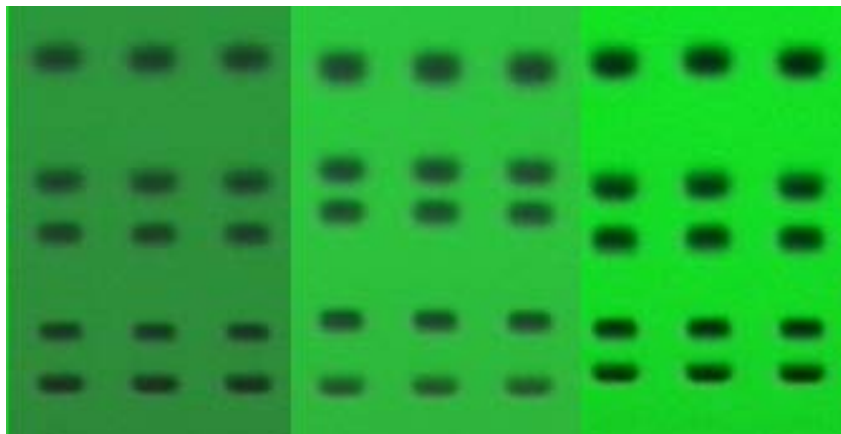
# Special Product - LuxPlate®

- Higher content of fluorescent indicator for better contrast against background
- Highly robust, due to higher content of binder
- Comparable retention behaviour

Cassical  
silica 60 F<sub>254</sub>

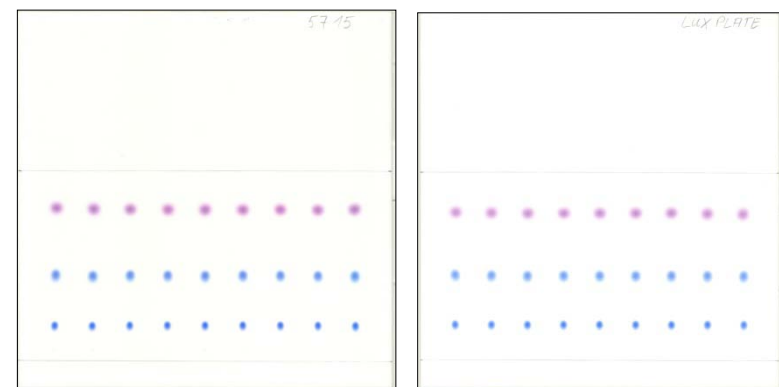
Competitor

LuxPlate®

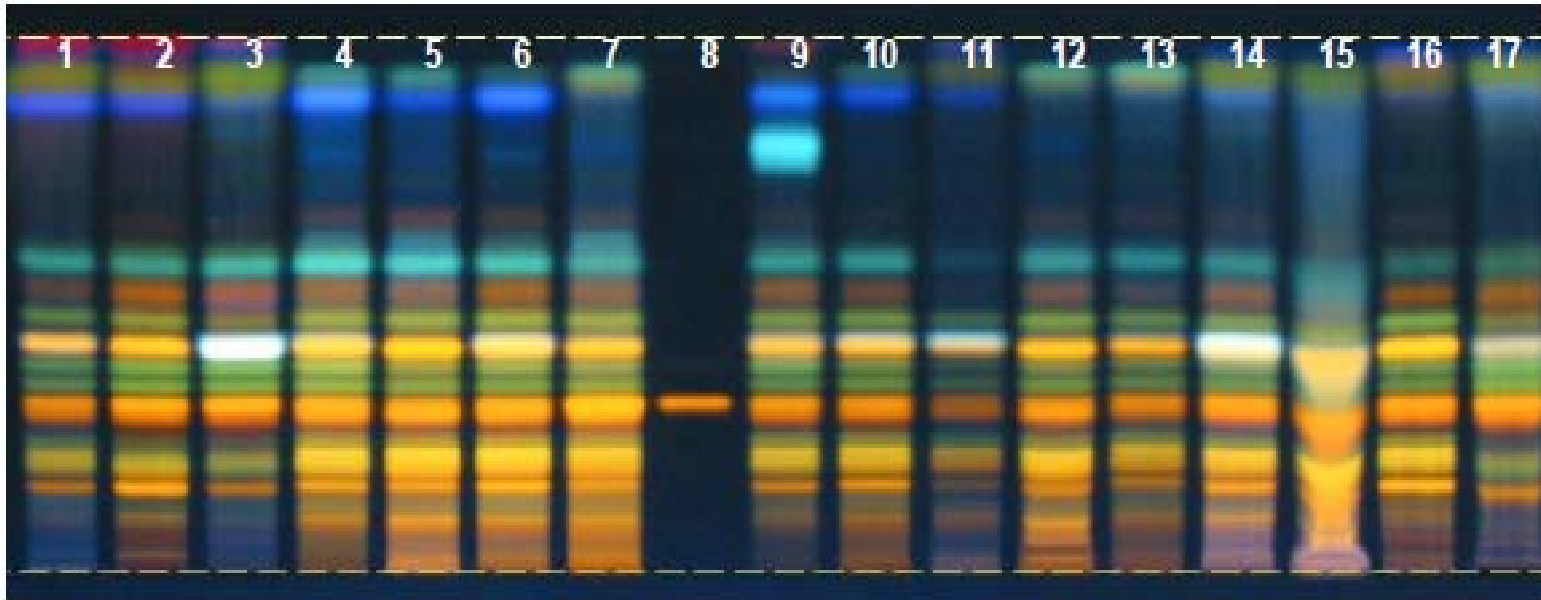


LuxPlate®

Classical  
silica 60 F<sub>254</sub>



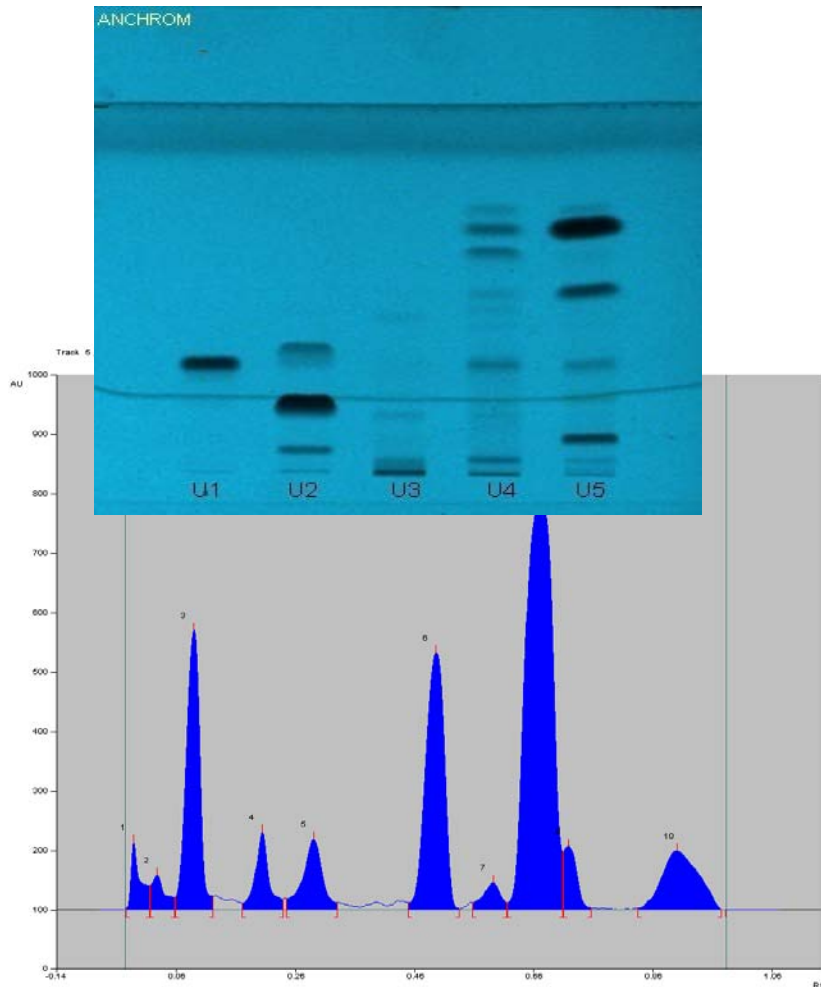
## Example: Identification of Ginkgo



c) UV 366nm, after derivatization with natural products reagent/PEG

1, 2: Ginkgo leaf, 3: Ginkgo leaf capsule (freeze dried; 1.2-1.8% flavonoids; US), 4: Ginkgo leaf extract powder (Italy), 5: Ginkgo leaf extract powder (China), 6: Ginkgo leaf extract powder (France), 7: Ginkgo leaf extract powder (China), 8: Rutin, 9: Ginkgo leaf extract capsule (60 mg) w/gotu kola (US), 10: Ginkgo leaf extract capsule (60 mg; US), 11: Ginkgo leaf extract tablet (yielding 9 mg flavone glycosides; Switzerland), 12: Ginkgo leaf extract tablet (120 mg; US), 13: Ginkgo leaf extract tablet (120 mg; US), 14: Ginkgo tincture (1:5 dry leaf; US), 15: Ginkgo tincture (1:1 fresh leaf; US), 16: Ginkgo tincture (1:10 fresh leaf, Switzerland: current batch), 17: Ginkgo tincture (1:10 fresh leaf, Switzerland: 2 years past expiration date)

# Identification of narcotics



Chromatogram at 254nm

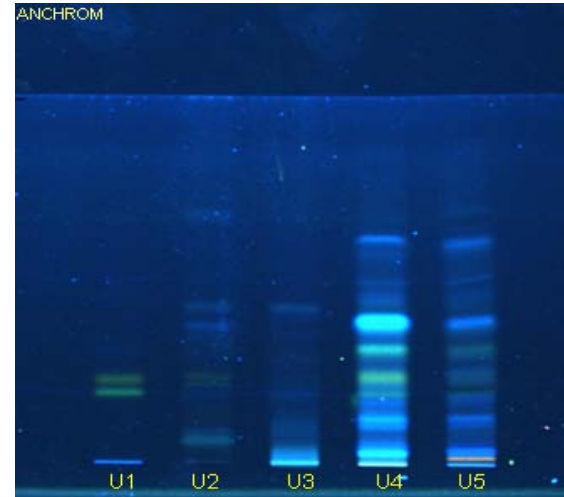


Image (366nm)

- U1: Cocaine**
- U2: Phenargan**
- U3: Ganja**
- U4: Opium**
- U5: Heroin**

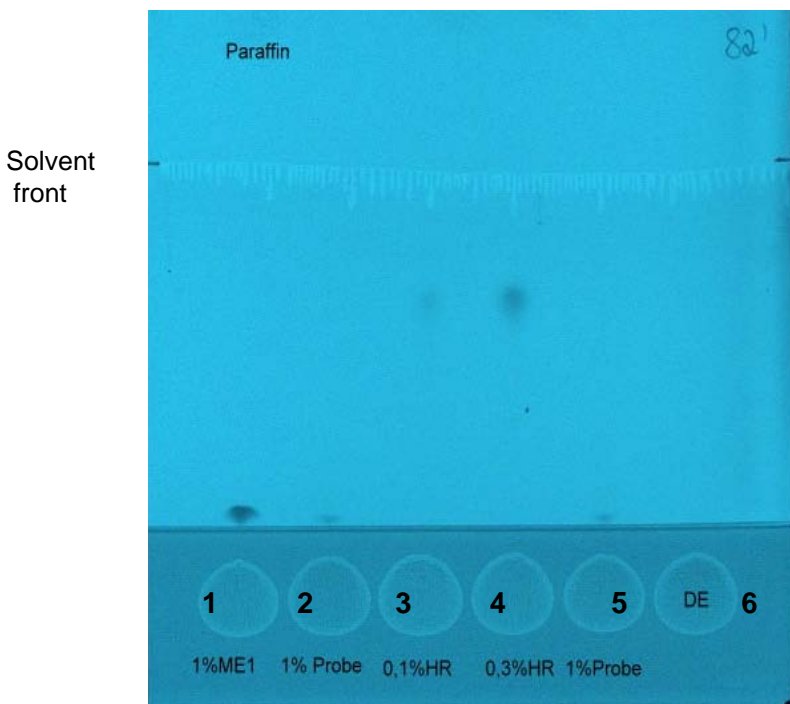


# Application - Cosmetics

## Stability testing of cosmetic ingredients

### HPTLC for analysing in difficult matrices such as oils or fat

Is the ingredient X stable as paraffin formulation?




**Sample:** Ingredient (ester, di-ester)  
**Formulation:** Paraffin  
**Solvent:** Dichlormethan  
**Application:** Linomat V (CAMAG)  
**Plate:** HPTLC Silica gel 60 RP18 F254s Konz.  
**Mobile phase:** Ethanol/Wasser 80:20  
**Drying time:** 60 min  
**Migration distance:** 5,0 cm  
**Migration time:** 82 min  
**Samples:** 2 µl (in Dichlormethan)

1 Pure ingredient (ME1) in Paraffin oil 1% (positive controle)  
2 Sample in paraffin foil 01:01  
3 HR in paraffin oil 0,10% (expected degradation product)  
4 HR in paraffin oil 0,30% (expected degradation product)  
5 Sample in paraffin oil 01:01  
6 Pure ingredient (DE) in paraffin oil 1,00% (positive control but not visible under UV)

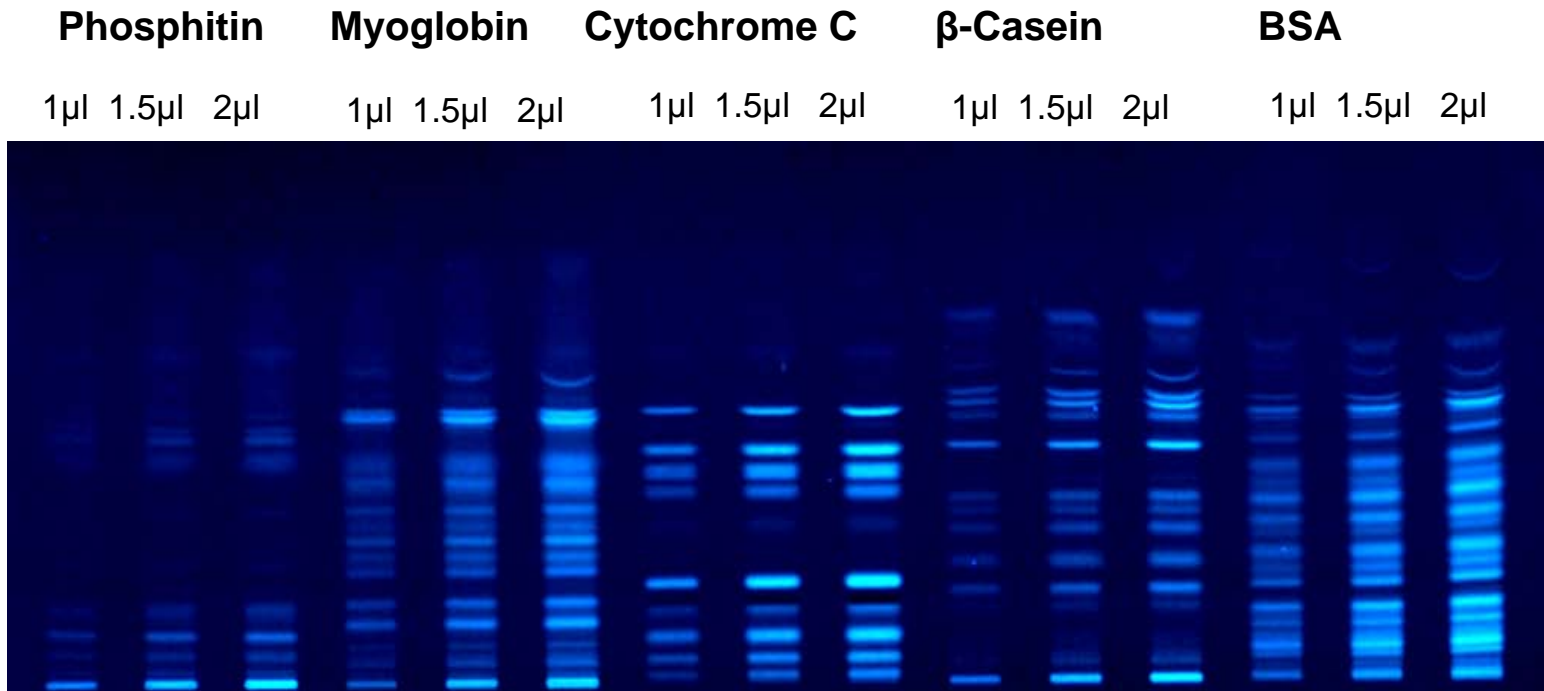
# HPTLC Plates for Peptide Analysis

ProteoChrom®	Sorbent	Size	Layer	Backing	Special
1.05650 HPTLC Silica gel F <sub>254s</sub>	High Performance Silica gel	20 x 10	100 µm	glass	Special binder
1.05651 HPTLC Cellulose	High performance Cellulose	10 x 10	100 µm	aluminium	High density layer

Packing Material	Format [cm]	Content	Backing	Ord. No.
ProteoChrom® HPTLC silica gel 60 F <sub>254</sub>	20 x 10	25 plates	glass	1.05650.0001
ProteoChrom® HPTLC Cellulose	10 x 10	25 sheets	aluminium	1.05651.0001

Each ProteoChrom® package includes an insert sheet with detailed instructions for solvent systems, running conditions and staining solution, enabling straightforward experiments without time-consuming optimization work. 

# ProteoChrom® Features

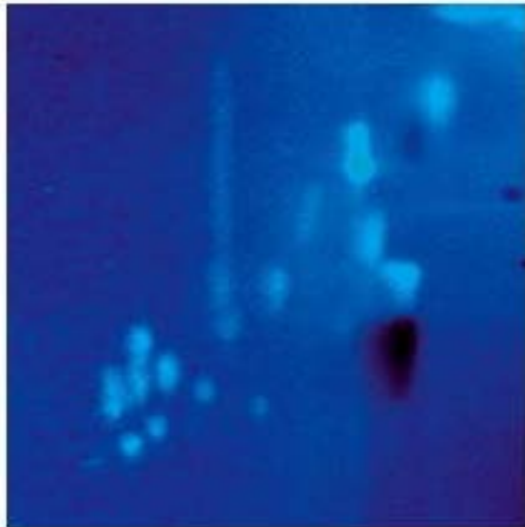


- Extra thin, extra smooth
- Robust, highly stable in water
- Include easy to follow, optimized protocols

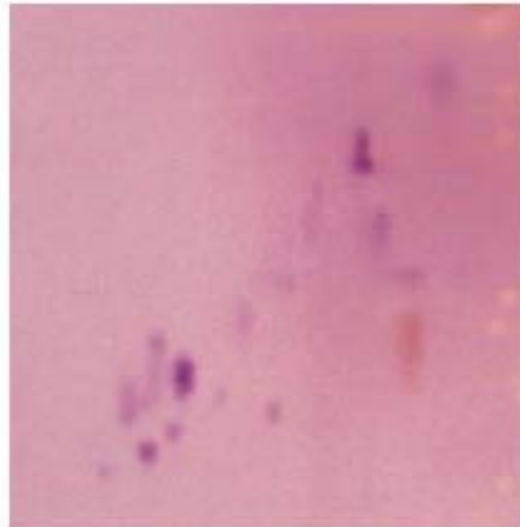
# ProteoChrom<sup>®</sup> HPTLC Cellulose

## 2 D separation of peptides

**Fluorescamin**



**Ninhydrin**



**Sample volume: 5  $\mu$ l**  
**Concentration: 2 mg/ml**  
**Application: Linomat V (CAMAG)**  
**Migration distance: 5 cm**  
**Migration time: 1st D: 45 min**  
**2nd D: 50 min**

- Fast, just 4 h from protein digest to result
- Validated for peptide separation



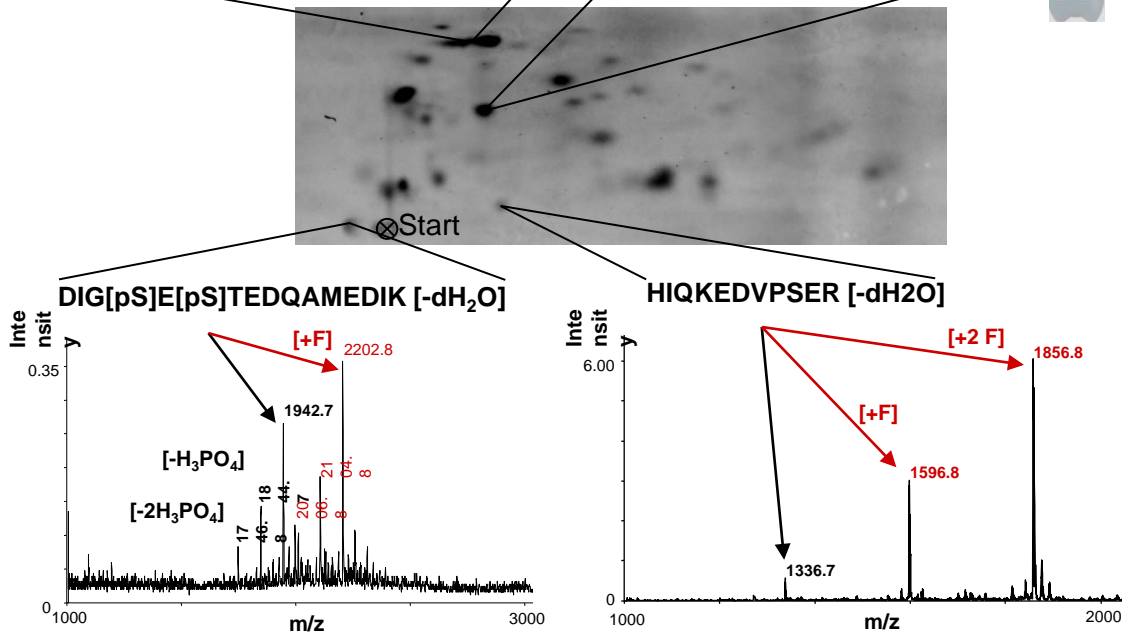
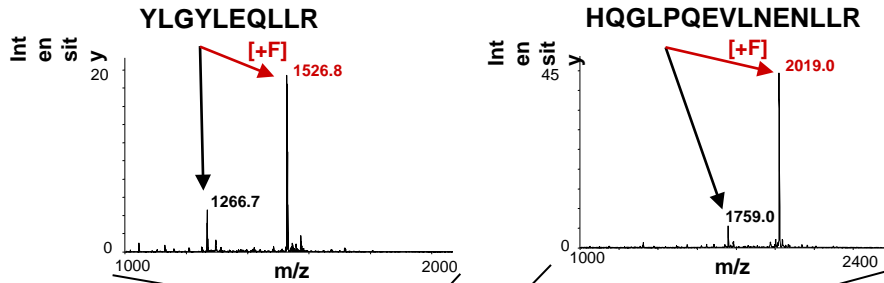
## ■ CLASSICAL DETECTION BY STAINING

### Ready-to-use spray solutions

Product	Solvent	Package	Contents of one package	Ord. No.
Dragendorff-Reagent	Acetic acid / ethyl acetate / water	Glass	100 ml	1.02035.0100
Molybdato-phosphoric acid	2-propanol	Glass	100 ml	1.00480.0100
Ninhydrin	2-propanol	Glass	100 ml	1.06705.0100

# Mass Spectrometry directly from the Plate

## MODERN DETECTION BY COUPLING



# FDA Applications with modern TLC

**Impurity and stability applications for synthetic drugs**

**Fingerprinting of plant extracts**

**Mycotoxins in foods**

**Natural and synthetic food colors**

**Vitamins**

# Summary

Single use of stationary phase (TLC and HPTLC) minimizes sample preparation

Parallel separations enhances sample throughput

Ease of postchromatographic derivatization

Can perform several screenings simultaneously for different analytes

Direct use of biological detection possible

Fast and low cost screening TLC- procedure used to identify samples that should be investigated further

We use same raw material for TLC, HPLC and Prep HPLC, which makes easy to transfer method from TLC to HPLC

Last but not least : **a nice tool for a better understanding of samples, and of the chromatographic process ! = a real comprehensive chromatography**





**... Thanks to the patient chromatographic teachers, and of course  
THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION, too !...**